

Amendments to the claims (this listing replaces all prior versions):

1. (original) A machine-based method comprising
receiving historical multi-dimensional data representing multiple source variables to be
used as an input to a predictive model of a commercial system,
applying transformations to the source variables that are selected to increase predictive
power, and
applying transformations to the data that are selected based on the strength of measurement
represented by a variable.
2. (original) The method of claim 1 in which the strength of measurement comprises
at least one of nominal, ordinal, and interval.
3. (original) The method of claim 1 in which the strength of a measurement is
represented in stored metadata associated with the data.
4. (original) The method of claim 1 also including
displaying to a user a representation of a response function of a target variable against
untransformed, transformed, and target variables associated with the data.
5. (original) The method of claim 1 also including
persistently storing both the source variables and related transformed versions of the
source variables.
6. (currently amended) A machine-based method comprising
receiving historical multi-dimensional data representing multiple source variables having
different strengths of measurement to be used as an input to a predictive model of a commercial
system,
adjusting unstable values of the variables to reduce inaccurate associations between
predictor variables and target variables.

7. (original) The method of claim 6 in which the adjustment of the unstable values comprises Bayesian renormalization.

8. (currently amended) A machine-based method comprising
in connection with a project in which a user generates a predictive model based on
historical data about a system being modeled, automatically imputing missing values for
continuous variables associated with the data, the variables having different strengths of
measurement.

9. (original) The method of claim 8 in which the user is enabled to invoke the
automatic imputing as part of a user interface feature that displays information about variables
for which values are missing.

10. (currently amended) The method of claim 9 in which the automatic imputing is
invoked based on the a variable or type of variable.

11. (original) The method of claim 9 in which the variables for which missing values
are imputed may be used in the model or may be transformed for use in the model.